## SENATE BILL No. 344

### DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

**Citations Affected:** IC 22-2-16-4; IC 22-9-1; IC 22-9.5.

**Synopsis:** Civil rights. Prohibits discriminatory practices in acquisition or sale of real estate, housing, education, public accommodations, employment, the extending of credit, and public contracts based on military active duty status, or sexual orientation. Provides protections for religious liberty and conscience. Limits the adoption of a civil rights ordinance after December 31, 2015, that applies to a class of persons not covered by state law. Permits local civil rights agencies to order the employment of a veteran. Provides that the provisions of this act are nonseverable. Provides for a study of the civil rights issues related to gender identity.

Effective: Upon passage; January 1, 2016 (retroactive).

# Holdman, Hershman

January 7, 2016, read first time and referred to Committee on Rules & Legislative Procedure.



#### Second Regular Session 119th General Assembly (2016)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2015 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

### SENATE BILL No. 344

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning civil rights.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 22-2-16-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.205-2013,
SECTION 336, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 4. Nothing
in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit a city, town, or county
from adopting enforcing an ordinance that was adopted under
IC 22-9-1-12.1 before January 1, 2016, relating and relates to a
category or class in addition to the categories and classes described in
IC 22-9-1-2.
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SECTION 2. IC 22-9-1-0.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 0.2. The provisions in this chapter, IC 22-9.5, and IC 22-2-16-4 enacted in SEA 344-2016 by SEA 344-2016 are the result of the general assembly's balancing of differing religious values and matters of conscience so that individuals of good faith can live and work together without undue litigation or burden. The exemptions to this chapter and IC 22-9.5 related to or affecting sexual orientation are to be liberally



construed. For the purposes of IC 1-1-1-8 and any other purpose, if any amendment or addition to the Indiana Code made to this chapter, IC 22-9.5, or IC 22-2-16-4 by SEA 344-2016, or any part of any amendment or addition to the Indiana Code made to this chapter, IC 22-9.5, or IC 22-2-16-4 is held invalid, all of the additions and amendments to the Indiana Code made by SEA 344-2016 to this chapter, IC 22-9.5, and IC 22-2-16-4 are void.

SECTION 3. IC 22-9-1-1.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1.2. (a) As used in this section, "discriminatory action" means any action taken by the state or a political subdivision, including the following:

- (1) Negatively altering the tax treatment of any person, causing any tax, penalty, or payment to be assessed against any person, or delaying, revoking, or otherwise making unavailable or denying to any person an exemption from taxation.
- (2) Disallowing or otherwise making unavailable or denying a deduction for state or political subdivision tax purposes of any charitable contribution made to or by any person.
- (3) Withholding, reducing, excluding, terminating, materially altering the terms or conditions of, or otherwise making unavailable or denying any state grant, contract, subcontract, cooperative agreement, or loan from or to any person.
- (4) Withholding, reducing, excluding, terminating, materially altering the terms or conditions of, or otherwise making unavailable or denying any accreditation, licensing, custody award or agreement, recognition, or certification from or to any person.
- (b) As used in this chapter, "political subdivision" means a political subdivision (as defined in IC 36-1-2-13) or other local governmental entity. The term includes the whole or any part of a branch, department, agency, or instrumentality of a political subdivision or other local governmental body, including a body politic, a body corporate and politic, or any other similar entity established by law.
- (c) As used in this chapter, "state" includes the whole or any part of a branch, department, agency, or instrumentality of state government, including a state educational institution, a body politic, a body corporate and politic, or any other similar entity established by law.
  - (d) As used in this chapter, "religious or religious affiliated



organization" means a church or other religious organization, association, or society, a nonprofit institution or other nonprofit organization operated, supervised, or controlled by or in conjunction with a church or other religious organization, association, or society, or an interdenominational, a nondenominational, or other educational nonprofit organization that is independent from the operation, supervision, or control by a church or other religious organization, association, or society but is organized with one (1) primary purpose to encourage students to incorporate a religious point of view in the academic and practical activities of students and graduates. The term includes the following if the entities meet the definition of religious or religious affiliated organization provided in this subsection:

(1) An adoption agency.

- (2) A nonprofit school (including a higher education institution).
- (3) A nonprofit day care facility or service.
- (e) The following are exempt from the provisions of this chapter and IC 22-9.5 concerning sexual orientation:
  - (1) A religious or religious affiliated organization.
  - (2) A rabbi, priest, preacher, minister, pastor, or designee of a religious or religious affiliated organization when the individual is engaged in a religious or religious affiliated educational function of the religious or religious affiliated organization.
- (f) It is against the public policy of the state for the state or any political subdivision to take any action inconsistent with the restrictions placed upon the state or its political subdivisions, or both, by the Constitution of the United States, the Constitution of the State of Indiana, or IC 34-13-9 against any individual clergy, religious leader, or religious or religious affiliated organization on the basis that the person believes or sincerely acts in accordance with a religious belief or matters of conscience regarding marriage. The actions prohibited by this section include the following:
  - (1) The state and its political subdivisions may not take any discriminatory action against any individual clergy or religious leader on the basis that the individual declines or will decline to perform, solemnize, or facilitate any marriage based upon the individual's sincerely held religious belief.
  - (2) The state and its political subdivisions may not take any discriminatory action against a religious or religious affiliated organization, including those providing social services, wholly



- or partially on the basis that the organization declines or will decline to solemnize any marriage or to provide accommodations or other facilities, goods or other property, privileges, or services for a purpose related to the solemnization, formation, celebration, or recognition of any marriage, based upon a sincerely held religious belief.
- (3) The state and its political subdivisions may not take any discriminatory action against a religious or religious affiliated organization that provides social services or charitable services, if the organization acts or intends to act upon a sincerely held religious belief.
- (g) A person, other than an employer (as defined in section 3 of this chapter), is exempt from the provisions of this chapter related to sexual orientation for the following:
  - (1) An act or omission related to providing accommodations or other facilities, goods or other property, privileges, or services for any solemnization, rehearsal, reception, celebration, or social event for a marriage ceremony, renewal of marriage vows, or marriage anniversary.
  - (2) An act or omission related to providing marriage counseling, courses, retreats, and other similar activities.

SECTION 4. IC 22-9-1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.136-2014, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. (a) It is the public policy of the state to provide all of its citizens equal opportunity for education, employment, access to public conveniences and accommodations, and acquisition through purchase or rental of real property, including but not limited to housing, and to eliminate segregation or separation based solely on race, religion, color, sex, disability, national origin, **sexual orientation**, **active duty status**, **veteran status**, or ancestry, since such segregation is an impediment to equal opportunity. Equal education and employment opportunities and equal access to and use of public accommodations and equal opportunity for acquisition of real property are hereby declared to be civil rights.

(b) The practice of denying these rights to properly qualified persons by reason of the race, religion, color, sex, disability, national origin, sexual orientation, active duty status, veteran status, or ancestry of such person is contrary to the principles of freedom and equality of opportunity and is a burden to the objectives of the public policy of this state and shall be considered as discriminatory practices. The promotion of equal opportunity without regard to race, religion, color, sex, sexual orientation, active duty status, veteran status,



- disability, national origin, or ancestry through reasonable methods is the purpose of this chapter.
- (c) It is also the public policy of this state to protect employers, labor organizations, employment agencies, property owners, real estate brokers, builders, and lending institutions, and other persons from unfounded charges of discrimination.
- (d) It is hereby declared to be contrary to the public policy of the state and an unlawful practice for any person, for profit, to induce or attempt to induce any person to sell or rent any dwelling by representations regarding the entry or prospective entry into the neighborhood of a person or persons of a particular race, religion, color, sex, disability, national origin, **sexual orientation, active duty status, veteran status,** or ancestry.
- (e) The general assembly recognizes that on February 16, 1972, there are institutions of learning in Indiana presently and traditionally following the practice of limiting admission of students to males or to females. It is further recognized that it would be unreasonable to impose upon these institutions the expense of remodeling facilities to accommodate students of both sexes, and that educational facilities of similar quality and type are available in coeducational institutions for those students desiring such facilities. It is further recognized that this chapter is susceptible of interpretation to prevent these institutions from continuing their traditional policies, a result not intended by the general assembly. Therefore, the amendment effected by Acts 1972, P.L.176, is desirable to permit the continuation of the policies described.
- (f) It is against the public policy of the state and a discriminatory practice for an employer to discriminate against a prospective employee on the basis of status as a veteran by:
  - (1) refusing to employ an applicant for employment on the basis that the applicant is a veteran of the armed forces of the United States; or
  - (2) refusing to employ an applicant for employment on the basis that the applicant is a member of the Indiana National Guard or member of a reserve component.
- (g) This chapter shall be construed broadly to effectuate its purpose. SECTION 5. IC 22-9-1-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.136-2014, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. As used in this chapter:
- (a) "Person" means one (1) or more individuals, partnerships, associations, organizations, limited liability companies, corporations, labor organizations, cooperatives, legal representatives, trustees,



1	trustees in bankruptcy, receivers, and other organized groups o
2	persons.
3	(b) "Commission" means the civil rights commission created unde
4	section 4 of this chapter.
5	(c) "Director" means the director of the civil rights commission.
6	(d) "Deputy director" means the deputy director of the civil right
7	commission.
8	(e) "Commission attorney" means the deputy attorney general, such
9	assistants of the attorney general as may be assigned to the
10	commission, or such other attorney as may be engaged by the
11	commission.
12	(f) "Consent agreement" means a formal agreement entered into in
13	lieu of adjudication.
14	(g) "Affirmative action" means those acts that the commission
15	determines necessary to assure compliance with the Indiana civil right
16	law.
17	(h) "Employer" means the state or any political or civil subdivision
18	thereof and any person employing six (6) or more persons within the
19	state, except that the term "employer" does not include:
20	(1) any nonprofit corporation or association organized exclusively
21	for fraternal or religious purposes;
22	(2) any school, educational, or charitable religious institution
23	owned or conducted by or affiliated with a church or religiou
22 23 24	institution; or
25	(3) any exclusively social club, corporation, or association that i
26 27	not organized for profit.
27	(i) "Employee" means any person employed by another for wages o
28	salary. However, the term does not include any individual employed
29	(1) by the individual's parents, spouse, or child; or
30	(2) in the domestic service of any person.
31	(j) "Labor organization" means any organization that exists for the
32	purpose in whole or in part of collective bargaining or of dealing with
33	employers concerning grievances, terms, or conditions of employmen
34	or for other mutual aid or protection in relation to employment.
35	(k) "Employment agency" means any person undertaking with o
36	without compensation to procure, recruit, refer, or place employees.
37	(l) "Discriminatory practice" means:
38	(1) the exclusion of a person from equal opportunities because o
39	race, religion, color, sex, sexual orientation, disability, nationa
40	origin, ancestry, active duty status, or status as a veteran status
41	(2) a system that excludes persons from equal opportunities
12	because of roce religion color say sayual arientation



1	disability, national origin, ancestry, active duty status, or status
2	as a veteran status;
3	(3) the promotion of racial segregation or separation in any
4	manner, including but not limited to the inducing of or the
5	attempting to induce for profit any person to sell or rent any
6	dwelling by representations regarding the entry or prospective
7	entry in the neighborhood of a person or persons of a particular
8	race, religion, color, sex, sexual orientation, disability, national
9	origin, or ancestry, active duty status, or veteran status; or
0	(4) a violation of IC 22-9-5 that occurs after July 25, 1992, and is
1	committed by a covered entity (as defined in IC 22-9-5-4).
2	Every discriminatory practice relating to the acquisition or sale of real
3	estate, education, public accommodations, employment, or the
4	extending of credit (as defined in IC 24-4.5-1-301.5) shall be
5	considered unlawful unless it is specifically exempted by this chapter.
6	(m) "Public accommodation" means any establishment that caters
7	or offers its services or facilities or goods to the general public.
8	(n) "Complainant" means:
9	(1) any individual charging on the individual's own behalf to have
20	been personally aggrieved by a discriminatory practice; or
21	(2) the director or deputy director of the commission charging that
.2	a discriminatory practice was committed against a person (other
22 23 24	than the director or deputy director) or a class of people, in order
	to vindicate the public policy of the state (as defined in section 2
25 26	of this chapter).
	(o) "Complaint" means any written grievance that is:
27	(1) sufficiently complete and filed by a complainant with the
28	commission; or
.9	(2) filed by a complainant as a civil action in the circuit or
0	superior court having jurisdiction in the county in which the
1	alleged discriminatory practice occurred.
2	The original of any complaint filed under subdivision (1) shall be
3	signed and verified by the complainant.
4	(p) "Sufficiently complete" refers to a complaint that includes:
5	(1) the full name and address of the complainant;
6	(2) the name and address of the respondent against whom the
7	complaint is made;
8	(3) the alleged discriminatory practice and a statement of
9	particulars thereof;
0	(4) the date or dates and places of the alleged discriminatory
-1	practice and if the alleged discriminatory practice is of a
-2	continuing nature the dates between which continuing acts of



1	discrimination are alleged to have occurred; and
2	(5) a statement as to any other action, civil or criminal, instituted
3	in any other form based upon the same grievance alleged in the
4	complaint, together with a statement as to the status or disposition
5	of the other action.
6	No complaint shall be valid unless filed within one hundred eighty
7	(180) days from the date of the occurrence of the alleged
8	discriminatory practice.
9	(q) "Sex" as it applies to segregation or separation in this chapter
10	applies to all types of employment, education, public accommodations,
11	and housing. However:
12	(1) it shall not be a discriminatory practice to maintain separate
13	restrooms;
14	(2) it shall not be an unlawful employment practice for an
15	employer to hire and employ employees, for an employment
16	agency to classify or refer for employment any individual, for a
17	labor organization to classify its membership or to classify or refer
18	for employment any individual, or for an employer, labor
19	organization, or joint labor management committee controlling
20	apprenticeship or other training or retraining programs to admit
21	or employ any other individual in any program on the basis of sex
22	in those certain instances where sex is a bona fide occupational
23	qualification reasonably necessary to the normal operation of that
24	particular business or enterprise; and
25	(3) it shall not be a discriminatory practice for a private or
26	religious educational institution to continue to maintain and
27	enforce a policy of admitting students of one (1) sex only.
28	(r) "Disabled" or "disability" means the physical or mental condition
29	of a person that constitutes a substantial disability. In reference to
30	employment under this chapter, "disabled or disability" also means the
31	physical or mental condition of a person that constitutes a substantial
32	disability unrelated to the person's ability to engage in a particular
33	occupation.
34	(s) "Veteran" means:
35	(1) a veteran of the armed forces of the United States;
36	(2) a member of the Indiana National Guard; or
37	(3) a member of a reserve component.
38	(t) "Active duty" has the meaning set forth in IC 22-9-9-1.
39	(u) "Sexual orientation" means actual or perceived bisexuality,
40	heterosexuality, or homosexuality.
41	SECTION 6. IC 22-9-1-6, AS AMENDED BY P.L.136-2014,
42	SECTION 4, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



- UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. (a) The commission shall establish and maintain a permanent office in the city of Indianapolis.

  (b) Except as it concerns judicial review, the commission may adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement this chapter.

  (c) The commission shall formulate policies to effectuate the
  - (c) The commission shall formulate policies to effectuate the purposes of this chapter and make recommendations to agencies and officers of the state or local subdivisions thereof to effectuate such policies. The several departments, commissions, divisions, authorities, boards, bureaus, agencies, and officers of the state or any political subdivision or agency thereof shall furnish the commission, upon its request, all records, papers, and information in their possession relating to any matter before the commission.
  - (d) The commission shall receive and investigate complaints alleging discriminatory practices. The commission shall not hold hearings in the absence of a complaint. All investigations of complaints shall be conducted by staff members of the civil rights commission or their agents.
  - (e) The commission may create such advisory agencies and conciliation councils, local or statewide, as will aid in effectuating the purposes of this chapter. The commission may itself, or it may empower these agencies and councils to:
    - (1) study the problems of discrimination in the areas covered by section 2 of this chapter when based on race, religion, color, sex, handicap, sexual orientation, disability, national origin, active duty status, veteran status, or ancestry; and
    - (2) foster through community effort, or otherwise, good will among the groups and elements of the population of the state.
  - These agencies and councils may make recommendation recommendations to the commission for the development of policies and procedures in general. Advisory agencies and conciliation councils created by the commission shall be composed of representative citizens serving without pay, but with reimbursement for reasonable and necessary actual expenses.
  - (f) The commission may issue such publications and such results of investigations and research as in its judgment will tend to promote good will and minimize or eliminate discrimination because of race, religion, color, sex, handicap, sexual orientation, disability, national origin, active duty status, veteran status, or ancestry.
  - (g) The commission shall prevent any person from discharging, expelling, or otherwise discriminating against any other person because the person filed a complaint, testified in any hearing before this commission, or in any way assisted the commission in any matter under



its investigation. The commission shall establish policies and procedures to protect employers, labor organizations, employment agencies, property owners, real estate brokers, builders, lending institutions, and other persons from unfounded charges of discrimination. The commission shall enforce sections 1.2(f), 10(b), and 19 of this chapter to protect the rights of individuals to religious belief and conscience.

- (h) The commission may hold hearings, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, administer oaths, take the testimony of any person under oath, and require the production for examination of any books and papers relating to any matter under investigation or in question before the commission. The commission may make rules as to the issuance of subpoenas by individual commissioners. Contumacy or refusal to obey a subpoena issued under this section shall constitute a contempt. All hearings shall be held within Indiana at a location determined by the commission. A citation of contempt may be issued upon application by the commission to the circuit or superior court in the county in which the hearing is held or in which the witness resides or transacts business.
- (i) The commission may appoint administrative law judges other than commissioners, when an appointment is deemed necessary by a majority of the commission. The administrative law judges shall be members in good standing before the bar of Indiana and shall be appointed by the chairman of the commission. An administrative law judge appointed under this subsection shall have the same powers and duties as a commissioner sitting as an administrative law judge. However, the administrative law judge may not issue subpoenas.
- (j) The commission shall state its findings of fact after a hearing and, if the commission finds a person has engaged in an unlawful discriminatory practice, shall cause to be served on this person an order requiring the person to cease and desist from the unlawful discriminatory practice and requiring the person to take further affirmative action as will effectuate the purposes of this chapter, including but not limited to the power:
  - (1) to restore complainant's **actual** losses incurred as a result of discriminatory treatment, as the commission may deem necessary to assure justice, however, except in discriminatory practices involving veterans, this specific provision when applied to orders pertaining to employment shall include only wages, salary, or commissions;
  - (2) to require the posting of notice setting forth the public policy of Indiana concerning civil rights and respondent's compliance



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with the policy in places of public accommodations;

- (3) to require proof of compliance to be filed by respondent at periodic intervals; and
- (4) to require a person who has been found to be in violation of this chapter and who is licensed by a state agency authorized to grant a license to show cause to the licensing agency why the person's license should not be revoked or suspended.

When an employer has been found to have committed a discriminatory ractice in employment by failing to employ an applicant on the basis at the applicant is a veteran, the order to restore the veteran's losses ay include placing the veteran in the employment position with the nployer for which the veteran applied. Otherwise, damages to be aid as a result of discriminatory practices relating to employment e limited to lost wages, salaries, commissions, or fringe benefits.

- (k) Judicial review of a cease and desist order or other affirmative tion as referred to in this chapter may be obtained under IC 22-9-8. no proceeding to obtain judicial review is instituted within thirty (30) lys from receipt of notice by a person that an order has been made by e commission, the commission, if it determines that the person upon hom the cease and desist order has been served is not complying or making no effort to comply, may obtain a decree of a court for the forcement of the order in circuit or superior court upon showing that e person is subject to the commission's jurisdiction and resides or ansacts business within the county in which the petition for forcement is brought.
- (1) If, upon all the evidence, the commission shall find that a person s not engaged in any unlawful practice or violation of this chapter, e commission shall state its findings of facts and shall issue and use to be served on the complainant an order dismissing the implaint as to the person.
- (m) The commission may furnish technical assistance requested by ersons subject to this chapter to further compliance with this chapter with an order issued thereunder.
- (n) The commission shall promote the creation of local civil rights encies to cooperate with individuals, neighborhood associations, and state, local, and other agencies, both public and private, including agencies of the federal government and of other states.
- (o) The commission may reduce the terms of conciliation agreed to by the parties to writing (to be called a consent agreement) that the parties and a majority of the commissioners shall sign. When signed, the consent agreement shall have the same effect as a cease and desist order issued under subsection (j). If the commission determines that a



party to the consent agreement is not complying with it, the commission may obtain enforcement of the consent agreement in a circuit or superior court upon showing that the party is not complying with the consent agreement and the party is subject to the commission's jurisdiction and resides or transacts business within the county in which the petition for enforcement is brought.

- (p) In lieu of investigating a complaint and holding a hearing under this section, the commission may issue an order based on findings and determinations by the federal Department of Housing and Urban Development or the federal Equal Employment Opportunity Commission concerning a complaint that has been filed with one (1) of these federal agencies and with the commission. The commission shall adopt by rule standards under which the commission may issue such an order.
- (q) Upon notice that a complaint is the subject of an action in a federal court, the commission shall immediately cease investigation of the complaint and may not conduct hearings or issue findings of fact or orders concerning that complaint.

SECTION 7. IC 22-9-1-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 10. (a) Subject to subsection (b), every contract to which the state or any of its political or civil subdivisions is a party, including franchises granted to public utilities, shall contain a provision requiring the contractor and his the contractor's subcontractors not to discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment to be employed in the performance of such contract, with respect to his the employee's or applicant's hire, tenure, terms, conditions or privileges of employment or any matter directly or indirectly related to employment, because of his the employee's or applicant's race, religion, color, sex, sexual orientation (for contracts with an employer entered into, modified, or renewed after March 31, 2016), disability, national origin, active duty status (for contracts with an employer entered into, modified, or renewed after March 31, 2016), veteran status (for contracts with an employer entered into, modified, or renewed after March 31, 2016), or ancestry. Breach of this covenant may be regarded as a material breach of the contract.

(b) This subsection applies to a contract entered into, modified, or renewed by the state or any of its political subdivisions after March 31, 2016, with a religious or religious affiliated organization. The contract must include a modification to the provision required under subsection (a) that neither the entity nor its subcontractors are prohibited from:



1	(1) giving a preference in employment to individuals of a
2	particular religion; or
3	(2) requiring that all employees and applicants conform to the
4	religious tenets of the organization;
5	to the extent permitted under Executive Order 13279 or Title VII
6	of the federal Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C.
7	2000e et seq.).
8	SECTION 8. IC 22-9-1-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
9	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 11. In addition to
10	its power to investigate the discriminatory practices referred to in this
11	chapter, the commission may receive written complaints of violation of
12	this chapter or other discriminatory practices based upon race, religion,
13	color, sex, sexual orientation, disability, national origin, active duty
14	status, veteran status, or ancestry and to investigate such complaints
15	as it deems meritorious, or to conduct such investigation in the absence
16	of complaints whenever it deems it in the public interest. It The
17	commission may transmit to the general assembly its recommendations
18	for legislation designed to aid in the removing of such discrimination.
19	SECTION 9. IC 22-9-1-12.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2007,
20	SECTION 307, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
21	[EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2016 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 12.1. (a)
22	As used in this section, the term "state agency" means:
23	(1) every office, officer, board, commission, department, division,
24	bureau, committee, fund, or agency; and
25	(2) without limitation by reason of any enumeration in this
26	section:
27	(A) every other instrumentality of the state, every hospital,
28	every penal institution, and every other institutional enterprise
29	and activity of the state, wherever located;
30	(B) the state educational institutions; and
31	(C) the judicial department of the state.
32	"State agency" does not mean counties, county offices of family and
33	children, cities, towns, townships, school corporations (as defined in
34	IC 20-18-2-16), or other municipal corporations, political subdivisions,
35	or units of local government.
36	(b) Any city, town, or county is hereby authorized to may adopt an
37	ordinance or ordinances which may include establishment or
38	designation of to establish or designate an appropriate local
39	commission, office, or agency to effectuate within its territorial
40	jurisdiction the public policy of the state as declared in section 2 of this
41	chapter. article or IC 22-9.5, or both, without conflict with any of the
42	provisions of this chapter article or IC 22-9.5. Ordinances adopted



1	after December 31, 2015, and ordinance amendments adopted after
2	December 31, 2015:
3	(1) are void to the extent that they apply to a class of persons
4	not protected in this article or IC 22-9.5, a class of acts or
5	omissions not prohibited under this article or IC 22-9.5, or
6	persons, acts, or omissions exempted or otherwise excluded
7	from the application of this article or IC 22-9.5; and
8	(2) may not authorize or impose an infraction, a fine, or a civil
9	penalty for discrimination against or segregation of a person
10	in a class of persons that is not protected in this article or
11	IC 22-9.5.
12	This subsection does not prohibit enforcement of ordinances
13	adopted before January 1, 2016, or technical corrections after
14	December 31, 2015, to ordinances adopted before January 1, 2016.
15	Any city or town may adopt such an ordinance or ordinances
16	permitted under this subsection jointly with any other city or town
17	located in the same county or jointly with that county. A city ordinance
18	that establishes a local commission may provide that the members of
19	the commission are to be appointed solely by the city executive or
20	solely by the city legislative body or may provide for a combination of
21	appointments by the city executive and the city legislative body. The
22	board of commissioners of each county is also authorized to adopt
23	ordinances in accordance with this section. An agency established or
24	designated under this section has no jurisdiction over the state or any
25	of its agencies.
26	(c) An ordinance adopted under this section may grant to the local
27	agency the power to:
28	(1) investigate, conciliate, and hear complaints;
29	(2) subpoena and compel the attendance of witnesses or
30	production of pertinent documents and records;
31	(3) administer oaths;
32	(4) examine witnesses;
33	(5) appoint hearing examiners or panels;
34	(6) make findings and recommendations;
35	(7) issue cease and desist orders or orders requiring remedial
36	action, including, if an employer has been found to have
37	committed a discriminatory practice in employment by failing
38	to employ an applicant on the basis that the applicant is a
39	veteran, order placement of the veteran in the employment
40	position with the employer for which the veteran applied;
41	(8) order payment of actual damages, except that damages to be
42	paid as a result of discriminatory practices relating to employment

paid as a result of discriminatory practices relating to employment



1	shall be limited to lost wages, salaries, commissions, or fringe
2	benefits;
3	(9) institute actions for appropriate legal or equitable relief in a
4	circuit or superior court;
5	(10) employ an executive director and other staff personnel;
6	(11) adopt rules and regulations;
7	(12) initiate complaints, except that no person who initiates a
8	complaint may participate as a member of the agency in the
9	hearing or disposition of the complaint; and
10	(13) conduct programs and activities to carry out the public policy
11	of the state, as provided in section 2 of this chapter, within the
12	territorial boundaries of a local agency.
13	(d) Any person who files a complaint with any local agency may not
14	also file a complaint with the civil rights commission concerning any
15	of the matters alleged in such complaint, and any person who files a
16	complaint with the civil rights commission may not also file a
17	complaint with any local agency concerning any of the matters alleged
18	in such complaint. Any complaint filed with the commission may be
19	transferred by the commission to any local agency having jurisdiction.
20	The local agency shall proceed to act on the complaint as if it had been
21	originally filed with the local agency as of the date that the complaint
22 23 24 25 26 27	was filed with the commission. Any complaint filed with a local agency
23	may be transferred by the local agency to the commission if the
24	commission has jurisdiction. The commission shall proceed to act on
25	the complaint as if it had been originally filed with the commission as
26	of the date that the complaint was filed with the local agency. Nothing
27	in this subsection shall affect such person's right to pursue any and all
28	other rights and remedies available in any other state or federal forum.
29	(e) A decision of the local agency may be appealed under the terms
30	of IC 4-21.5 the same as if it was a decision of a state agency.
31	(f) Local agencies and ordinances described in this section that
32	are adopted before, on, or after January 1, 2016, must establish
33	policies and procedures, to:
34	(1) protect employers, labor organizations, employment
35	agencies, property owners, real estate brokers, builders,
36	lending institutions, and other persons from unfounded
37	charges of discrimination; and
38	(2) enforce sections 1.2(f), 10(b), and 19 of this chapter to
39	protect the rights of individuals to religious belief and
40	conscience.
41	SECTION 10. IC 22-9-1-19 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE

AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE



42

1	UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 19. (a) The state and a political subdivision
2	may not:
3	(1) fail or refuse to issue or renew a permit, registration
4	certificate, or other license that the state or political
5	subdivision is authorized to issue;
6	(2) suspend or revoke a permit, registration, certificate, or
7	other license that the state or political subdivision is
8	authorized to issue; or
9	(3) otherwise impose a disciplinary action on the holder of a
10	permit, registration, certificate, or other license that the state
11	or political subdivision is authorized to regulate;
12	based solely on a person's lawful expression or lawful activity
13	regarding marriage or sexual orientation or the lawful expression
14	or lawful activity of the person's employees, owners, or agents (if
15	any) regarding marriage or sexual orientation.
16	(b) The licenses that may not be denied under this section
17	include marriage licenses under IC 31-11 for persons who
18	otherwise qualify in Indiana for a marriage license.
19	(c) Lawful expression or lawful activity under this section does
20	not include a violation of this article or IC 22-9.5 that may be the
21	basis under a state statute, rule, or ordinance for denial
22	suspension, revocation, or other disciplinary action related to a
23	permit, registration, certificate, or other license.
24	SECTION 11. IC 22-9.5-2-1.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
25	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
26	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1.5. "Active duty" has the
27	meaning set forth in IC 22-9-9-1.
28	SECTION 12. IC 22-9.5-2-12.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
29	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
30	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 12.5. "Sexual orientation"
31	has the meaning set forth in IC 22-9-1-3.
32	SECTION 13. IC 22-9.5-2-14 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
33	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
34	[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 14. "Veteran" has the
35	meaning set forth in IC 22-9-1-3.
36	SECTION 14. IC 22-9.5-3-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
37	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 5. This article does
38	not prohibit a person engaged in the business of furnishing appraisals
39	of real property from taking into consideration factors other than race,
40	color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, active duty status, veteran
41	status, disability, familial status, or national origin.

SECTION 15. IC 22-9.5-5-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS



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- FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. (a) A person may not refuse to sell or to rent after the making of a bona fide offer, refuse to negotiate for the sale or rental of, or otherwise make unavailable or deny a dwelling to any person because of race, color, religion, sex, **sexual orientation**, **active duty status**, **veteran status**, familial status, disability, or national origin.
- (b) A person may not discriminate against any person in the terms, conditions, or privileges of sale or rental of a dwelling, or in providing services or facilities in connection with the sale or rental of a dwelling, because of race, color, religion, sex, **sexual orientation, active duty status, veteran status,** familial status, disability, or national origin.
- (c) This section does not prohibit discrimination against a person because the person has been convicted under federal law or the law of any state of the illegal manufacture or distribution of a controlled substance.

SECTION 16. IC 22-9.5-5-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. A person may not make, print, or publish or cause to be made, printed, or published any notice, statement, or advertisement with respect to the sale or rental of a dwelling that indicates any preference, limitation, or discrimination based on race, color, religion, sex, **sexual orientation, active duty status, veteran status,** disability, familial status, or national origin, or an intention to make such a preference, limitation, or discrimination.

SECTION 17. IC 22-9.5-5-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 3. A person may not represent to any person because of race, color, religion, sex, **sexual orientation, active duty status, veteran status,** disability, familial status, or national origin that a dwelling is not available for inspection for sale or rental when the dwelling is available for inspection.

SECTION 18. IC 22-9.5-5-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 4. A person may not, for profit, induce or attempt to induce a person to sell or rent a dwelling by representations regarding the entry or prospective entry into a neighborhood of a person of a particular race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, active duty status, veteran status, disability, familial status, or national origin.

SECTION 19. IC 22-9.5-5-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 6. (a) As used in this section, "residential real estate related transaction" means the following:

(1) Making or purchasing loans or providing other financial assistance:



1	(A) to purchase, construct, improve, repair, or maintain a
2	dwelling; or
3	(B) to secure residential real estate.
4	(2) Selling, brokering, or appraising residential real property.
5	(b) A person whose business includes engaging in residential real
6	estate related transactions may not discriminate against a person in
7	making a real estate related transaction available or in the terms or
8	conditions of a real estate related transaction because of race, color,
9	religion, sex, sexual orientation, active duty status, veteran status,
10	disability, familial status, or national origin.
11	SECTION 20. IC 22-9.5-5-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
12	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 7. A person may
13	not deny any person access to, or membership or participation in, a
14	multiple listing service, real estate brokers' organization or other
15	service, organization, or facility relating to the business of selling or
16	renting dwellings, or discriminate against a person in the terms or
17	conditions of access, membership, or participation in such an
18	organization, service, or facility because of race, color, religion, sex,
19	sexual orientation, active duty status, veteran status, disability,
20	familial status, or national origin.
21	SECTION 21. IC 22-9.5-8.1-2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
22	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 2. In an action filed
23	under section 1 of this chapter, the court may do the following:
23 24	(1) Award preventive relief, including a permanent or temporary
25	injunction, restraining order, or other order against the person
26	responsible for a violation of this article as necessary to assure the
27	full enjoyment of the rights granted by this article.
28	(2) Award other appropriate relief. including monetary damages,
29	reasonable attorney's fees, and court costs. However, monetary
30	damages may not exceed actual damages for losses related to
31	the violation under this article.
32	(3) To vindicate the public interest, assess a civil penalty against
33	the respondent in an amount that does not exceed the following:
34	(A) Fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) for a first violation.
35	(B) One hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) for a second or
36	subsequent violation.
37	SECTION 22. IC 22-9.5-10-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
38	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]: Sec. 1. A person
39	commits a Class A misdemeanor if the person, whether or not acting
40	under color of law, by force or threat of force intentionally intimidates
41	or interferes with or attempts to intimidate or interfere with a person:
42	(1) because of the person's race, color, religion, sex, sexual



1	orientation, active duty status, veteran status, disability
2	familial status, or national origin and because the person is or has
3	been selling, purchasing, renting, financing, occupying, or
4	contracting or negotiating for the sale, purchase, rental, financing
5	or occupation of any dwelling, or applying for or participating in
6	a service, organization, or facility relating to the business of
7	selling or renting dwellings; or
8	(2) because the person is or has been, or to intimidate the person
9	from:
0	(A) participating, without discrimination because of race
1	color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, active duty status
12	veteran status, disability, familial status, or national origin, ir
13	an activity, a service, an organization, or a facility described in
14	subdivision (1);
15	(B) affording another person opportunity or protection to
16	participate in an activity, a service, an organization, or a
17	facility described in subdivision (1); or
18	(C) lawfully aiding or encouraging other persons to participate
19	without discrimination because of race, color, religion, sex
20	sexual orientation, active duty status, veteran status
21	disability, familial status, or national origin, in an activity, a
22	service, an organization, or a facility described in subdivision
23	(1).
23 24	SECTION 23. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) The legislative
25	council shall assign the topic of discrimination based on gender
26	identity to an appropriate interim study committee for study
27	during the 2016 interim. The interim study committee may study
28	any issue related to the topic. The interim study committee shall
29	study what uniformly applicable, statewide laws are appropriate
30	for Indiana and exemptions are needed to protect personal privacy
31	personal modesty, or the free exercise of religious rights or the
32	rights of conscience. The interim study committee to which the
33	topic is assigned shall report to the legislative council its
34	recommendations for legislation designed to aid in the removing of

discrimination on the basis of sexual identity.

(b) This SECTION expires November 1, 2016.

SECTION 24. An emergency is declared for this act.



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